

Saint Leo University Hazing Prevention Guide

Lions Prevention Program

Table of Contents

Understanding Hazing

Recognizing Warning Signs

Bystander Intervention

Legal Consequences

Reporting Procedures

Building Positive Culture

Resources and Support

Understanding Hazing

What is Hazing?

Hazing is any intentional, knowing, or reckless act committed by a person (whether individually or in concert with other persons) against another person regardless of willingness to participate, that:

- Is committed during initiation, affiliation, or membership maintenance in a student organization
- Creates risk above reasonable participation risk of physical or psychological injury

Common Misconceptions

"It's tradition" - Harmful traditions should be changed X "They consented" - Consent doesn't make dangerous activities acceptable X "It builds character" - Positive challenges build character, not degradation X "Everyone does it" - Many organizations operate hazing-free X "It's just fun" - If someone could be hurt, it's not fun

Understanding Hazing

Physical Hazing

- · Beating, whipping, striking, or shocking
- · Extreme exercise or calisthenics
- Sleep deprivation
- · Exposure to harsh elements
- Confinement in small spaces
- · Forced consumption of food, alcohol, or substances

Psychological Hazing

- Verbal abuse or humiliation
- · Social isolation
- · Threats or intimidation
- Degrading tasks or performances
- Sleep deprivation affecting mental state
- · Creating fear through threatening conduct

Sexual Hazing

- Any forced sexual activity
- · Sexual simulation or inappropriate touching
- Nudity requirements
- · Sexual humiliation or degradation

Recognizing Warning Signs

Individual Warning Signs

- · Physical: Unexplained injuries, exhaustion, weight loss
- Emotional: Withdrawal, anxiety, depression, mood changes
- Behavioral: Secrecy, reluctance to discuss activities, avoiding certain people
- · Academic: Declining grades, missing classes, inability to concentrate

Organizational Warning Signs

- Secretive initiation processes
- "Hell week" or intense initiation periods
- Requirements to perform degrading tasks
- Alcohol-centered activities for new members
- Emphasis on hierarchy and submission
- Exclusion of new members from regular activities

Environmental Red Flags

- · Activities held in isolated locations
- · Late-night mandatory meetings
- Prohibition of outside contact during initiation
- · Sworn secrecy about activities
- Different treatment of new versus established members

Bystander Intervention

The Five D's of Bystander Intervention

1. Direct Intervention

- Speak up immediately: "This needs to stop"
- · Address the behavior directly but safely
- Remove the person from the situation
- · Use when: You feel safe and confident

2. Distract

- Create a diversion to interrupt the situation
- · Ask an unrelated question
- Cause a scene or distraction
- Use when: Direct intervention feels unsafe

3. Delegate

- Create a diversion to interrupt the situation
- Ask an unrelated question
- Cause a scene or distraction
- · Use when: Direct intervention feels unsafe

Bystander Intervention

The Five D's of Bystander Intervention

4. Delay

- · Check on the person afterward
- · Offer support and resources
- · Help them report if they choose
- · Use when: Immediate intervention isn't possible

5. Document

- Take photos/video if safe to do so
- · Write down what you witnessed
- Keep records of conversations
- Use when: Evidence is needed for reporting

Intervention Scripts

For Potential Perpetrators:

- "This doesn't seem like something [organization] would support"
- "Let's think of a better way to welcome new members"
- "This could get us all in serious trouble"

Bystander Intervention

For Potential Victims:

- "You don't have to do this"
- "This isn't normal or okay"
- "I can help you report this"

For Fellow Bystanders:

- "We need to do something about this"
- "This isn't right let's get help"
- "Come with me to report this"

Legal Consequences

Federal Law: Stop Campus Hazing Act (2024)

- Requires reporting of hazing incidents under Clery Act
- · Mandates transparency in hazing violations
- Establishes accountability for institutions

Florida State Law (§ 1006.63)

- · Hazing is a criminal offense
- · Penalties include fines and potential jail time
- · Organizations can lose recognition
- Individual liability for participants

University Sanctions

- Individual Students: Warning, probation, suspension, expulsion
- Organizations: Loss of recognition, probation, permanent ban
- Additional: Leadership restrictions, conduct record notation

Reporting Procedures

When to Report

- Immediately: If someone is in danger
- · As soon as possible: For any hazing incident
- Even if unsure: Better to report and be wrong than not report

How to Report

Emergency Situations

- Call 911: Life-threatening emergencies
- Campus Safety Emergency: 352-588-8333

Non-Emergency Reporting

- Student Affairs Office: 352-588-8992
- Campus Safety: 352-588-8432
- Title IX Coordinator: 352-588-8993
- Anonymous Tip Line: 352-588-7701
- Online Incident Report: [University Website]

Confidential Resources

- Counseling Services: 352-588-8199
- Campus Ministry: 352-588-8331

Reporting Procedures

What to Include in Reports

Who: People involved (names if known)

· What: Description of what happened

· When: Date and time

· Where: Location of incident

• Evidence: Photos, videos, documents if available

Investigation Process

- Initial Response (24-48 hours): Safety assessment and documentation
- Investigation Phase (30 days): Interviews and evidence collection
- Resolution: Determination and sanctions if appropriate
- Appeal: Process available for all parties

Building Positive Culture

Core Values Integration

Every activity should reflect Saint Leo's core values:

- Excellence: Pursuing the highest standards
- Community: Fostering belonging and support
- Respect: Treating everyone with dignity
- Personal Development: Growing as individuals
- Responsible Stewardship: Taking care of our community
- Integrity: Acting ethically and honestly

Positive Leadership Principles

- Inclusive Leadership: Welcome all members equally
- Servant Leadership: Leaders serve their members
- Ethical Decision-Making: Always choose the right path
- Transparency: Open communication about activities
- Accountability: Take responsibility for actions

Creating Meaningful Traditions

- Service Projects: Build bonds through helping others
- Skill Development: Learn together and grow
- Celebration: Recognize achievements positively
- Mentorship: Pair new members with experienced ones
- Reflection: Regular discussion of values and goals

Resources and Support

Campus Resources

• Counseling and Psychological Services: 352-588-8199

• Campus Ministry: 352-588-8331

• Student Affairs: 352-588-8992

• Health Services: Medical support

• Academic Support: Tutoring and study assistance

National Resources

• StopHazing.org: Research and prevention resources

• HazingPrevention.org: Educational materials

• NASPA: Student affairs professional resources

• Clery Center: Campus safety and compliance



Emergency Contacts Quick Reference

Services	Contact	When to Use
911	Emergency	Life-threatening situations
Campus Safety Emergency	352-588-8333	Immediate campus safety concerns
Campus Safety Non-Emergency	352-588-8432	General safety reports
Student Affairs	352-588-8992	Policy violations, general support
Anonymous Tip Line	352-588-7701	Anonymous reporting
Counseling Services	352-588-8199	Mental health support

Remember

- You are not alone Support is available
- Speaking up saves lives Your voice matters
- No tradition is worth someone's safety Change harmful practices
- Everyone deserves respect Regardless of membership status
- When in doubt, report Better safe than sorry

For questions about this guide or additional resources, contact the Division of Student Affairs at 352-588-8992 or student.affairs@saintleo.edu